

§ 319.56-2f [Reserved]

§ 319.56-2g Administrative instructions prescribing method of treatment of garlic from specified countries.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in these administrative instructions, fumigation with methyl bromide in vacuum fumigation chambers, in accordance with the Plant Protection and Quarantine Treatment Manual, which is incorporated by reference at § 300.1 of this chapter, is a condition of entry under permit for all shipments of garlic (*Allium sativum*) from Algeria, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Czech Republic, Egypt, Estonia, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iran, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Moldova, Morocco, Portugal, Romania, the area of the Russian Federation west of the Ural Mountains, Slovakia, South Africa (Republic of), Spain, Switzerland, Syria, Turkey, Ukraine, and the area of the former Yugoslavia. Fumigation is to be carried out under the supervision of a plant quarantine inspector and at the expense of the importer. While it is believed that the garlic will be unaffected by the fumigation, the treatment will be at the importer's risk. Such entry will be limited to ports named in the permits, where approved facilities for vacuum fumigation with methyl bromide are available.

(b)(1) The following alternate procedure is approved by the Deputy Administrator of the Plant Protection and Quarantine Programs as a condition of entry under permit for shipments of garlic (*Allium sativum*) from Italy and Spain:

(i) A certificate shall be obtained from the appropriate phytosanitary official of the country of origin to the effect that such garlic is free of living stages of *Brachymerus* spp. and *Dyspessa ulula* (Bkh.), said certification to be based on field inspection and certification and subsequent reexamination at the port of departure prior to exportation. The phytosanitary certificate to be issued by such official shall show the shipment to be either initially free from these pests or to have been fumigated.

(ii) The original copy of the phytosanitary certificate shall be attached to the manifest accompanying the shipment. However, with the consent of the Plant Quarantine inspector, the importer may arrange to have the original phytosanitary certificate mailed direct to the Inspector in Charge, Plant Protection and Quarantine Programs, at the port of entry, if this will expedite inspection and release of certified shipments. If such an arrangement is made, a copy of the phytosanitary certificate shall be attached to the manifest accompanying the shipment.

(iii) Shipments of certified Italian or Spanish garlic will be subject to inspection upon arrival in the United States and if found infested with living stages of *Brachymerus* spp. or *Dyspessa ulula* (Bkh.) shall be fumigated in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section.

(2) The entry of certified garlic under the alternate procedure provided for in paragraph (b)(1) of this section will be limited to the ports named in paragraph (a)(1) of this section or such other ports as may subsequently be named in the permits.

(3) Continuance of the alternate procedure provided for in paragraph (b)(1) of this section for the importation of Italian or Spanish garlic is contingent upon the satisfactory observance of such procedure by the respective countries of origin.

[24 FR 10788, Dec. 29, 1959, as amended at 35 FR 18385, Dec. 3, 1970; 36 FR 24917, Dec. 24, 1971. Redesignated at 50 FR 9788, Mar. 12, 1985; 62 FR 50235, Sept. 25, 1997]

§ 319.56-2h Regulations governing the entry of grapes from Australia.

(a) *Importations allowed.* (1) Grapes from Australia may be imported into the United States only if they are inspected by an inspector of the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service [APHIS], either in Australia or the United States, and treated with an authorized treatment under the supervision of an APHIS inspector for the following pests: the Mediterranean fruit fly (*Ceratitidis capitata*), the Queensland fruit fly (*Dacus tryoni*), and the light brown apple moth (*Epiphyas postvittana*).